TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 9

SUPPLEMENTS

Parag No.	graph/Supplement	Page No.
9.1	General	9-1
1	Air Conditioning System Installation	9-3
2	AutoFlite II Autopilot Installation	9-7
3	AutoControl IIIB Autopilot Installation	9-9
4	Piper Electric Pitch Trim	9-13

BLANK PAGE

SECTION 9

SUPPLEMENTS

9.1 GENERAL

This section provides information in the form of Supplements which are necessary for efficient operation of the airplane when equipped with one or more of the various optional systems and equipment not provided with the standard airplane.

All of the Supplements provided by this section are "FAA Approved" and consecutively numbered as a permanent part of this Handbook. The information contained in each Supplement applies only when the related equipment is installed in the airplane.

ISSUED: JUNE 18, 1976 REPORT: VB-790

REPORT: VB-790

SUPPLEMENT 1

AIR CONDITIONING INSTALLATION

SECTION 1 - GENERAL

This supplement supplies information necessary for the efficient operation of the airplane when the optional air conditioning system is installed. The information contained within this supplement is to be used "as described" in conjunction with the complete handbook.

This supplement has been "FAA Approved" as a permanent part of this handbook and must remain in this handbook at all times when the optional air conditioning system is installed.

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

- (a) To insure maximum climb performance the air conditioner must be turned "OFF" manually prior to takeoff to disengage the compressor and retract the condenser door. Also the air conditioner must be turned "OFF" manually before the landing approach in preparation for a possible go-around.
- (b) Placards
 In full view of the pilot, in the area of the air conditioner controls when the air conditioner is installed:

"WARNING - AIR CONDITIONER MUST BE OFF TO INSURE NORMAL TAKEOFF CLIMB PERFORMANCE."

In full view of the pilot, to the right of the engine gauges (condenser door light):

"AIR COND DOOR OPEN"

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

No changes to the basic Emergency Procedures provided by Section 3 of this Pilot's Operating Handbook are necessary for this supplement.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

Prior to takeoff, the air conditioner should be checked for proper operation as follows:

- (a) Check aircraft master switch "ON."
- (b) Turn the air conditioner control switch to "ON" and the fan switch to one of the operating positions the "AIR COND DOOR OPEN" warning light will turn on, thereby indicating proper air conditioner condenser door actuation.
- (c) Turn the air conditioner control switch to "OFF" the "AIR COND DOOR OPEN" warning light will go out, thereby indicating the air conditioner condenser door is in the up position.
- (d) If the "AIR COND DOOR OPEN" light does not respond as specified above, an air conditioner system or indicator bulb malfunction is indicated and further investigation should be conducted prior to flight.

The above operational check may be performed during flight if an in flight failure is suspected.

The condenser door light is located to the right of the engine instrument cluster in front of the pilot. The door light illuminates when the door is open and is off when the door is closed.

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

Operation of the air conditioner will cause slight decreases in cruise speed and range. Power from the engine is required to run the compressor, and the condenser door, when extended, causes a slight increase in drag. When the air conditioner is turned off there is normally no measurable difference in climb, cruise or range performance of the airplane.

NOTE

To insure maximum climb performance the air conditioner must be turned off manually before takeoff to disengage the compressor and retract the condenser door. Also the air conditioner must be turned off manually before the landing approach in preparation for a possible go-around.

Although the cruise speed and range are only slightly affected by the air conditioner operation, these changes should be considered in preflight planning. To be conservative, the following figures assume that the compressor is operating continuously while the airplane is airborne. This will be the case only in extremely hot weather.

- (a) The decrease in true airspeed is approximately 4 KTS at all power settings.
- (b) The decrease in range may be as much as 32 nautical miles for the 48 gallon capacity.

REPORT: VB-790

The climb performance is not compromised measurably with the air conditioner operating since the compressor is declutched and the condenser door is retracted, both automatically, when a full throttle position is selected. When the full throttle position is not used or in the event of a malfunction which would cause the compressor to operate and the condenser door to be extended, a decrease in rate of climb of as much as 100 fpm can be expected. Should a malfunction occur which prevents condenser door retraction when the compressor is turned off, a decrease in rate of climb of as much as 50 fpm can be expected.

ISSUED: JUNE 18, 1976 REPORT: VB-790

REPORT: VB-790

9-6

SUPPLEMENT 2

AUTOFLITE II AUTOPILOT INSTALLATION

SECTION 1 - GENERAL

This supplement supplies information necessary for the operation of the airplane when the optional AutoFlite II Autopilot is installed. The information contained within this supplement is to be used "as described" in conjunction with the complete handbook.

This supplement has been "FAA Approved" as a permanent part of this handbook and must remain in this handbook at all times when the optional AutoFlite II Autopilot is installed.

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

- (a) Autopilot use prohibited above 149 KIAS.
- (b) Autopilot "OFF" during takeoff and landing.

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- (a) In case of malfunction DEPRESS and hold Disconnect switch on pilot's control wheel.
- (b) Rocker switch on instrument panel "OFF."
- (c) Unit may be overpowered manually.
- (d) In climb, cruise or descent configuration a malfunction with a 3 second delay in recovery initiation may result in 45° bank and 180' altitude loss. Maximum altitude loss measured at 149 KIAS in a descent.
- (e) In approach configuration a malfunction with a 1 second delay in recovery initiation results in 18° bank and 10' altitude loss.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

- (a) Engagement
 - (1) Rocker Switch on instrument panel ON.
 - (2) Disconnect Switch on left hand side of pilot's control wheel RELEASED.
- (b) Disengagement
 - (1) Depress Disconnect Switch on pilot's control wheel (or)
 - (2) Rocker Switch on instrument panel OFF.
- (c) Heading Changes
 - (1) Depress Disconnect Switch, make Heading Change, release Disconnect Switch.
 - (2) Move Trim Knob on instrument for Drift Correction from a constant heading.
 - (3) Move Turn Command Knob on instrument for right or left banked turns.

- (d) OMNI Tracker
 - (1) Center Turn Command Knob and push IN to engage Tracker.
 - (2) Trim Knob push IN for high sensitivity.

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

No changes to the basic performance provided by Section 5 of this Pilot's Operating Handbook are necessary for this supplement.

REPORT: VB-790

SUPPLEMENT 3

AUTOCONTROL IIIB AUTOPILOT INSTALLATION

SECTION 1 - GENERAL

This supplement supplies information necessary for the operation of the airplane when the optional Piper AutoControl IIIB Autopilot is installed. The information contained within this supplement is to be used "as described" in conjunction with the complete handbook.

This supplement has been "FAA Approved" as a permanent part of this handbook and must remain in this handbook at all times with the optional Piper AutoControl IIIB Autopilot is installed.

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

- (a) Autopilot use prohibited above 149 KIAS.
- (b) Autopilot "OFF' during takeoff and landing.

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY OPERATION

- (a) In an emergency the AutoControl IIIB can be disconnected by:
 - (1) Pushing the roll ON-OFF Rocker Switch "OFF."
 - (2) Pulling the Autopilot Circuit Breaker (aircraft serial nos. 28-7790001 through 28-7890475 only)
- (b) The autopilot can be overpowered at either control wheel.
- (c) An autopilot runaway, with a 3 second delay in the initiation of recovery while operating in a climb, cruise or descending flight, could result in a 45° bank and 180' altitude loss. Maximum altitude loss measured at 149 KIAS in a descent.
- (d) An autpilot runaway, with a 1 second delay in the initiation of recovery, during an approach operation, coupled or uncoupled, could result in a 18° bank and 10' altitude loss.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

PREFLIGHT

- (a) AUTOPILOT
 - (1) Place Radio Coupler in "HDG" Mode (if installed) and place the AP "ON-OFF" switch to the "ON" position to engage roll section. Rotate roll command knob left and right and observe that control wheel describes a corresponding left and right turn, then center knob.
 - (2) Set correct compass heading on D.G. and turn HDG bug to aircraft heading. Engage "HDG" mode rocker switch and rotate HDG bug left and right. Aircraft control wheel should turn same direction as bug. Grasp control wheel and manually override servo, both directions.

ISSUED: JUNE 18, 1976 REVISED: JUNE 8, 1990 (b) RADIO COUPLER - (OPTIONAL)

- (1) Tune and identify VOR or VOT station. Position Radio Coupler to OMNI Mode. Engage Autopilot ROLL and HDG switches. Set HDG bug to aircraft heading and rotate O.B.S. to cause OMNI indicator Needle to swing left and right slowly. Observe that control wheel rotates in direction of needle movement.
- (2) Disengage AP "ON-OFF' Switch. Reset Radio Coupler control to HDG.

IN FLIGHT

- (a) Trim airplane (ball centered).
- (b) Check air pressure vacuum to ascertain that the directional gyro and attitude gyro are receiving sufficient air.
- (c) Roll Section.
 - (1) To engage, center ROLL knob, push AP "ON-OFF" switch to "ON" position. To turn, rotate console ROLL knob in desired direction. (Maximum angle of bank should not exceed 30°.)
 - (2) For heading mode, set directional gyro with magnetic compass. Push directional gyro HDG knob in, rotate bug to aircraft heading. Push console heading rocker (HDG) switch to "ON" position. To select a new aircraft heading, push D.G. heading knob "IN" and rotate, in desired direction of turn, to the desired heading.
- (d) Radio Coupling VOR/ILS with Standard directional gyro. (Optional)
 - (1) For VOR Intercepts and Tracking:

Select the desired VOR course and set the HDG bug to the same heading. Select OMNI mode on the coupler and HDG Mode on the autopilot console.

(2) For ILS Front Course Intercepts and Tracking:

Tune the localizer frequency and place the HDG bug on the inbound, front course heading. Select LOC-NORM mode on the coupler and HDG mode on the autopilot console.

(3) For LOC Back Course Intercepts and Tracking:

Tune the localizer frequency and place the HDG bug on the inbound course heading to the airport. Select LOC-REV mode with coupler and HDG mode on the autopilot console.

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

No changes to the basic performance provided by Section 5 of this Pilot's Operating Handbook are necessary for this supplement.

REPORT: VB-790

ISSUED: JUNE 18, 1976

REPORT: VB-790

REPORT: VB-790 9-12

9-13

SUPPLEMENT 4

PIPER ELECTRIC PITCH TRIM

SECTION 1 - GENERAL

This supplement supplies information necessary for the operation of the airplane when the optional Piper Electric Pitch Trim is installed. The information contained within this supplement is to be used "as described" in conjunction with the complete handbook.

This supplement has been "FAA Approved" as a permanent part of this handbook and must remain in this handbook at all times when the optional Piper Electric Pitch Trim is installed.

SECTION 2 - LIMITATIONS

No changes of the basic limitations provided by Section 2 of this Pilot's Operating Handbook are necessary for this supplement.

SECTION 3 - EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- (a) In case of malfunction, ACTIVATE disconnect switch located above the ignition switch, to OFF position.
- (b) In case of malfunction, overpower the electric trim at either control wheel.
- (c) Maximum altitude change with a 4 second delay in recovery initiation is 800 feet and occurs in the descent configuration. Maximum altitude change in the approach configuration with a 4 second recovery delay is 100 feet.

SECTION 4 - NORMAL PROCEDURES

The electric trim system may be turned ON or OFF by a switch located above the ignition switch. The pitch trim may be changed when the electric trim system is turned on either by moving the manual pitch trim control wheel or by operating the trim control switch on the pilot's control yoke. To prevent excessive speed increase in the event of an electric trim run-away malfunction, the system incorporates an automatic disconnect feature which renders the system inoperative above approximately 143 KIAS. The disconnected condition does not affect the manual trim system.

SECTION 5 - PERFORMANCE

No changes to the basic performance provided by Section 5 of this Pilot's Operating Handbook are necessary for this supplement.

ISSUED: JUNE 18, 1976 REPORT: VB-790

REVISED: MARCH 30, 1984

REPORT: VB-790 9-14